

50 State DESKTOP REFERENCE What Employers Need To Know About Non-Compete and Trade Secrets Law

2014 - 2015 EDITION

Dear Clients and Friends,

We are pleased to provide you with the 2014–2015 edition of our 50 State Desktop Reference: What Employers Need to Know about Non-Compete and Trade Secrets Law. There is no denying that there exists a variety of statutes and case law across the country when it comes to employee non-competition and non-solicitation agreements, as well as the protection of proprietary information. All too often, what is enforceable in one state may be questionable in another and entirely prohibited in the next.

Any company that seeks to use non-competition and non-solicitation agreements to protect its trade secrets, confidential information, client relationships, goodwill or work force needs to stay informed of the varied and ever-evolving standards in each state. To provide a starting point for that analysis, we created this convenient, one-stop desk reference surveying many of the questions related to the use of employee covenants and intellectual capital protection in all fifty states. For the HR professional, inhouse counsel, or company executive, we hope that this booklet will provide a starting point to answer your questions about protecting your company's most valuable and confidential assets. Of course, the information contained in the booklet in an easy to use chart format is understandably condensed and simplified, and thus, while it provides a convenient point of reference, always consult with your attorney before making any decisions as the law is constantly changing.

The breadth of information that we've included in this booklet complements our attorneys' impressive knowledge when it comes to non-competition, non-solicitation and trade secret issues across the United States and abroad. As leaders in this field, demonstrated by our nomination as a finalist for the 2014 top trade secrets group by Legal 500, the attorneys of Seyfarth Shaw's Trade Secrets, Non-Compete, and Computer Fraud dedicated practice group provide a variety of client-focused services, ranging from counseling and transactional deal advice to trade secret audits to cost-effective injunctions and litigation.

Remaining abreast of developments is also one of our top priorities, and we invite you to visit our awardwining blog at www.tradesecretslaw.com for commentary and analysis on hot new topics in the world of trade secret, non-compete, unfair competition, computer fraud law, privacy and social media, including significant legislative and case updates. Our practice group's extensive webinar series serves as another source for up-to-date information on a variety of interesting topics. We invite you to join in on these webinars (a list of upcoming webinars is listed in the booklet), and Seyfarth Shaw is able to offer CLE credit for attorneys licensed in Illinois, New York, and California, as well as other states upon request.

We hope this booklet proves a useful and informative tool. Please do not hesitate to contact your Seyfarth attorney if you have any questions.



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State	Are employee	State statutes	Are employee	Are customer	Continued	
	non-competes	governing employee	non-solicitation	non-solicitation	employment	
	allowable?	non-competes	agreements	agreements	sufficient	
			allowable?	allowable?	consideration?	
Alabama	Ala. Code §8-1-1		Yes Yes		Yes (May not be signed prior to employment)	
Alaska	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	Not yet decided	
Arizona	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Arkansas	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes	
California	No (with narrow exceptions)	Cal. Bus. and Prof. Code § 16600, 16601, 16602, and 16602.5	Yes	Not typically but there may be a trade secret exception	Likely, yes	
Colorado	Yes	Colo. Rev. Stat. § 8-2- 113	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Connecticut	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	Likely, yes	
Delaware	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Dist. of Columbia	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Likely, yes	
Florida	Yes	Fla. Stat. Ann. §542.335	Yes	Yes	Likely, yes	
Georgia	Yes, but ability to enforce restriction varies based on when the agreement was signed; post-5/10/11 much easier to enforce	Ga. Code Ann. §13- 8-50	Yes	Yes (for all periods)	Yes (for all periods)	
Hawaii	Yes	Haw. Rev. Stat. §480(c)	Unclear	Yes	Not yet decided	
Idaho	Yes	Idaho Code §§44-2701 to -2704	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes	

State	Blue penciling	Enforceable	Adopted the	Applicable statute	Adopted	Restrictive
	or reformation permissible?	against discharged	UTSA?	of limitations (UTSA and breach	inevitable disclosure	covenants extended for
		employees?		of contract)	doctrine?	violation?
Alabama	Reformation	Never specifically addressed but likely yes	Ala. Code. §8-27-1	2 years (ATSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Yes
Alaska	Reformation	Not yet decided	Ala. Stat. §45.50.910	3 years (ATSA) 3 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Not yet decided
Arizona	Blue pencil	Unclear	Ariz. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§44-401 to 44-407	3 years (AUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Unclear
Arkansas	No	Undecided	Ark. Stat. Ann. §4-75-601	3 years (ATSA) years (breach of contract)	Yes	No
California	No, in employment context; blue pencil with respect to narrow exceptions	No, with respect to non- competes; yes, with respect to non-solicitation	Cal. Civ. Code §3426	3 years (CUTSA) 4 years (breach of contract)	No	Not yet decided
Colorado	Blue pencil	Not yet decided	Col. Rev. Stat. §7-74-101	3 years (CUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	No
Connecticut	Blue pencil	Yes	Conn. Genl. Stat. §35-50	3 years (CTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Yes, but only when the employee was bound by a non-compete	No
Delaware	Reformation	Yes	Del. Code Ann. Title 6 §2001	3 years (DTSA) 3 years (breach of contract)	Yes	Yes
Dist. of Columbia	Unclear	No	D.C. Code Ann. §48-501	3 years (DUTSA) 3 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Yes
Florida	Reformation	Unclear	Fla. Stat Ann. §688.001	3 years (FUTSA) 5 years (breach of contract)	Yes	Unclear
Georgia	Varies based on when the agreement was signed (pre-11/3/10, blue pencil; post-5/10/11, reformation)	Varies based on when the agreement was signed (pre-11/3/10, discharge suggests that the covenant should not be enforced; post-5/10/11, unclear)	Ga. C.A. §10- 1-760	5 years (GUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	No	No
Hawaii	Reformation	Not yet decided	Haw. Rev. Stat. §482B-1	3 years (trade secret act) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Unclear
Idaho	Blue pencil	Yes	Idaho Code §48-801	3 years (ITSA) 5 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Unclear

State	Are employee	State statutes	Are employee	Are customer	Continued
Juic	non-competes allowable?	governing employee non-competes	non-solicitation agreements allowable?	non-solicitation agreements allowable?	employment sufficient consideration?
Illinois	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes, may depend on the length of employment (At least 2 years, questioned by Federal Court)
Indiana	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes
lowa	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kansas	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	Likely, yes
Kentucky	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	No
Lousiana	Yes	La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §23:921	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maine	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes
Maryland	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
Michigan	Yes	Mich. Comp. Laws §445.774a	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes
Minnesota	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	No
Mississippi	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
Missouri	Yes	Mo. Stat. Ann. §431.202	Yes	Yes	Generally, yes
Montana	Yes	Mont. Code Ann. §§28-2-703 to -705	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nebraska	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes

State	Blue penciling	Enforceable	Adopted the	Applicable statute	Adopted	Restrictive
Juic	or reformation permissible?	against discharged employees?	UTSA?	of limitations (UTSA and breach of contract)	inevitable disclosure doctrine?	covenants extended for violation?
Illinois	Reformation	No, if without cause; unclear with cause	III. Ann. Stat. ch. 140 §351- 59	5 years (ITSA) 10 years (breach of contract)	Yes	Generally, no
Indiana	Blue pencil	Yes	Ind. Code. Ann. §24-3-1	3 years (IUTSA) 10 years (breach of contract)	Generally, no	No
lowa	Blue pencil	Yes	1990 90 Acts, ch 1201 §550.1	3 years (IUTSA) 10 years (breach of contract)	Yes	Generally, no
Kansas	Reformation	Yes	Kan. Stat. Ann. §60-3320	3 years (KUTSA) 5 years (breach of contract)	Yes	Generally, no
Kentucky	Reformation	Not yet decided	Ky. R.S. §365.880	3 years (KTSA) 15 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided but likely, no	Yes
Lousiana	Blue pencil	Yes	La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §51:1431	3 years (trade secret act) 10 years (breach of contract)	No	No
Maine	Reformation	Likely, yes	M.R.S.A. Title 10 §1541 et seq	4 years (trade secret act) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Not yet decided
Maryland	Blue pencil	Generally, no	Md. Com. L. Code §11- 1201	3 years (MUTSA) 3 years (breach of contract)	No	No
Massachusetts	Reformation	Yes	No	3 years (Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 260 §2A) 6 years (breach of contract)	Yes in federal court; state courts have recognized its existence but have not adopted it	Generally, no
Michigan	Reformation	Yes	M.C.L.A. §445.1901 to 445.1910	3 years (MUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Yes	Yes
Minnesota	Reformation	Yes	Minn. Stat Ann. §325C.01	3 years (MUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not explicitly accepted but likely, yes	Very rarely
Mississippi	Reformation	Yes	M.C.A. §75- 26-1	3 years (MUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	No
Missouri	Reformation	Yes	Mo. Stat. §417.450 to 417.467	5 years (MUTSA) 5 years (breach of contract)	Unclear	No
Montana	Not yet decided in the employment context	Generally, no	Mont. Code Ann. §30-14- 401	3 years (MUTSA) 8years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Not yet decided
Nebraska	No	Not yet decided		4 years (NTSA) 5 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	No

State	Are employee	State statutes	Are employee	Are customer	Continued
	non-competes allowable?	governing employee non-competes	non-solicitation agreements allowable?	non-solicitation agreements allowable?	employment sufficient consideration?
Nevada			Yes	Yes	Yes
New Hampshire	Yes	NH RSA 275:70 (notice requirement)	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes
New Jersey	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
New Mexico	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	Likely, yes but not yet explicitly addressed
New York	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
North Carolina	Yes	N.C. Gen. Stat. §75-4	Yes	Yes	No
North Dakota No N.D. Cent. Code 08-06		N.D. Cent. Code §9- 08-06	No No		No, but yes with respect to non-discolsure agreements
Ohio	hio Yes Ohio Rev. Code Ann. §1313.02		Not yet decided	Yes	Yes
Oklahoma	klahoma Not likely Okla. Stat. tit. 15, §219A		Yes	Yes	Not yet decided
Oregon	Yes (some limitations)	Or. Rev. Stat. §653.295 (notice requirement)	Yes	Yes	No
Pennsylvania Yes		No	Yes	Yes	No
Rhode Island	Yes	No	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes per Superior Court; undecided by RI Supreme Court
South Carolina	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
South Dakota	Yes	S.D. Codified Laws §53-9-8	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes
Tennessee	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
Texas	Yes	Tex. Bus. & Com. Code §15.5052	Yes	Yes	No

State	Blue penciling	Enforceable	Adopted the	Applicable statute	Adopted	Restrictive
	or reformation permissible?	against discharged employees?	UTSA?	of limitations (UTSA and breach of contract)	inevitable disclosure doctrine?	covenants extended for violation?
Nevada	Reformation	Not yet decided	Nev. Rev. Stat. §600A.010	3 years (trade secret act) 6years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Yes
New Hampshire	Reformation	Not yet decided	N.H. R.S.A. §350-B:1	3 years (NHUTSA) 3 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	No
New Jersey	Reformation	Yes	N.J. S-2456/ A921	3 years (NJUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Yes	No
New Mexico	Not yet decided	Undecided	N.M. Stat. Ann. §57-3A-1	3 years (NMUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	No
New York	Reformation	Yes	No	3 years (common law) z6 years (breach of contract)	More likely to be accepted in federal than state court	No
North Carolina	Blue pencil	Likely	N.C. Gen. Stat. §66-152	3 years (NCTSPA) 3 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Generally, no
North Dakota	Reformation	Not applicable	N.D. Cent. Code §47- 25.1-01	3 years (NDUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Not applicable
Ohio	Reformation	Yes	R.C.Secs. 1333.61	4 years (OUTSA) 8 years (breach of contract)	No	Yes
Oklahoma	No	Not yet decided	Okl. Genl. Laws §6-41-1	3 years (OUTSA) 5 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	No
Oregon	Reformation	Not yet decided	Or. Rev. Stat. §646.461	3 years (OUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	No
Pennsylvania	Reformation	Yes per lower courts; undecided by PA Supreme Court	12 Pa. Cons. Stats §5392	3 years (PUTSA) 4 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided, but superior courts have treated the idea favorably	No
Rhode Island	Blue pencil normally; reformation rarely	Not yet decided	R.I. Gen. Laws § 6-41-1	3 years (RIUTSA) 10 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Yes
South Carolina	Blue pencil, perhaps	Undecided	S.C. C.A. §39- 8-1	3 years (SCUTSA) 3 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Not yet decided
South Dakota	Blue pencil	Yes	S.D. Cod. Laws §37-29-1	3 years (SDUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Not yet decided
Tennessee	Reformation	Unclear	Yes; Tenn. Code §47-25- 1701 et al.	3 years (trade secret act)\6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Unclear
Texas	Reformation	Yes	Yes, effective 9/1/13	3 years (Tex Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code Ann. §16.010) 4 years (breach of contract)	Unclear	Rarely

State	Are employee non-competes allowable?	State statutes governing employee non-competes	Are employee non-solicitation agreements allowable?	Are customer non-solicitation agreements allowable?	Continued employment sufficient consideration?
Utah	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	Yes
Vermont	Yes None		Not yet decided Yes		Yes
Virginia	Yes	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
Washington	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	No
West Virginia	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Maybe	No
Wisconsin	Yes	Wiss. Stat. Ann. §103.465	Yes	Yes	No
Wyoming	Yes	None	Not yet decided	Yes	No

Upcoming webinar topics by month:

March: 2013 National Year in Review: What You Need to Know About the Recent Cases/ Developments in Trade Secrets, Non-Compete, and Computer Fraud

April: Employee Privacy, Big Data and Social Networking

May: Data Management and Effectively Addressing Data Breaches

June: Trade Secret and Non-Compete Legislative Update

July: International Trade Secrets and Non-Compete Law Update (Australia, Europe and China focus)

August: Protecting Confidential Information and Client Relationships in the Financial Services Industry

September: Injunction Primer and Discovery in Trade Secrets, Non-Compete, and Computer Fraud Cases

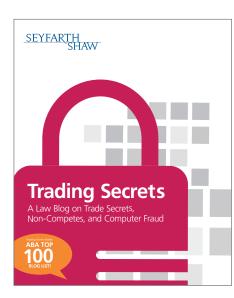
October: California Trade Secrets and Non-Compete Law Update

November: Protecting Trade Secrets and Intellectual Property in Business Transactions

For registration and more upcoming events please visit our events page: http://www.seyfarth.com/Seyfarth-Events

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State	Blue penciling or reformation permissible?	Enforceable against discharged employees?	Adopted the UTSA?	Applicable statute of limitations (UTSA and breach of contract)	Adopted inevitable disclosure doctrine?	Restrictive covenants extended for violation?
Utah	Not yet decided	Yes	Utah Code Ann. §13-24-1	3 years (UUTSA) years (breach of contract)	Yes	Not yet decided
Vermont	Unclear	Yes	Ch. 143 §4601	3 years (VTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	No
Virginia	No	Yes	Va. Code. Ann. §59.1-336	3 years (VUTSA) 5 years (breach of contract)	No	Yes
Washington	Reformation	Yes	Wash. Rev. Code §19.108.011 to .940	3 years (WUTSA) 3 years (breach of contract)	Unclear	Unclear
West Virginia	Reformation	Not yet decided	W. Va. Code §47-22-1	3 years (WVUTSA) 10 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	No
Wisconsin	Not likely	Undecided	Wis. Stat. §134.90	3 years (WUTSA) 6 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Not yet decided
Wyoming	Reformation	Yes	Wyo. Stat. §§ 40-24-101 to 110	4 years (WUTSA) 10 years (breach of contract)	Not yet decided	Unclear



Year in Review Book

Trade Secrets Blog

http://www.tradesecretslaw.com/

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